

## Question Sheet

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**“Bones on the Go!” Questions**

- \_\_\_ 1. The author begins the passage saying, “Let’s get down to the bare bones.” The figurative meaning of “bare bones” is: “the most basic parts of something, without any detail.” The author started an article about the skeletal system with this figurative use of “bare bones” to emphasize that
- a. the skeleton is made up of bones.
  - b. a person’s skeleton is basic to the structure of his/her body.
  - c. the skeleton lacks details such as muscles, tendons, ligaments.
  - d. all of the above.
- \_\_\_ 2. To say “the ribs provide a protective casing,” means the ribs
- a. protect the heart, lungs, and other organs.
  - b. can easily be broken.
  - c. are not bones.
  - d. cannot be penetrated.
- \_\_\_ 3. Which of the following functions does the skeleton not do?
- a. give the body its shape.
  - b. protect the organs inside.
  - c. tell the nerves when to feel pain.
  - d. combine with muscles to enable movement.
- \_\_\_ 4. A figurative use of “bone up” means to study something. The literal meaning of “bone up” as used in the article is to
- a. make your backbone longer.
  - b. become taller by lengthening your thighbone.
  - c. increase the number of bones you have.
  - d. strengthen the bones in your body.
- \_\_\_ 5. Why do you think hands and feet have so many bones, while legs and arms have fewer?

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